

DESCRIPTION

PROGRAM RECORDING APPARATUS AND PROGRAM RECORDING METHOD

TECHNICAL FIELD

The present invention relates to a program recording apparatus and a program recording method preferably used for an apparatus which is installed with, for example, a hard disk and carries out a recording of a broadcast program and more particularly relates to a program recording apparatus and a program recording method which is preferable for a desired program recording to be carried out certainly by using an electric program table (EPG).

BACKGROUND ART

A constitution disclosed in, for example, Japanese laid-open patent application No. 2000-41066 (hereinafter, referred to as patent reference 1) is known as an apparatus for receiving a desired program in a conventional program receiving apparatus by obtaining an electric program table and by searching the electric program table according to an arbitrary keyword.

Also, a constitution disclosed in, for example, Japanese laid-open patent application No. 2002-152639 (hereinafter, referred to as patent reference 2) is known as an apparatus for receiving a program by presuming a preferred program of a user from viewing-and-listening history information of the user.

Further, a constitution disclosed in, for example, Japanese laid-open patent application No. 9-233418 (hereinafter, referred

to as patent reference 3) was also proposed as an apparatus for judging an extension of a program and for recording it until the end terminal thereof.

In an apparatus which is installed with, for example, a hard disk for performing a recording of a broadcast program, it is carried out to obtain an electric program table and to set a broadcast time zone and a broadcast channel of a desired program by using the obtain electric program table so as to receive and record the desired program. However, if a program such as a professional baseball relay broadcast whose broadcast period is unstable is broadcasted before the desired program which is set in this manner, there is a fear that a situation where an ending portion of the desired program is not recorded may occur.

On the other hand, aforesaid patent reference 3 discloses a technique for superimposing a specific code signal on a broadcast signal and for controlling a recording apparatus by using this code signal, but it is necessary to provide a new equipment such as a code signal generation apparatus in the broadcast company in order to realize this, so that it cannot be realized easily. On the other hand, in an apparatus installed with an aforementioned hard disk so as to perform a recording, a big problem never occurs even if, for example, matters other than the desired programs are recorded before and after thereof, because the recording capacity is extremely large.

The present application was invented in view of such a

matter, the problem to be solved is that in a conventional apparatus, there is a fear that a situation where an ending portion of the desired program is not recorded may occur in a case when a broadcast period of a previous program is extended and further it was not possible to realize a dissolving means thereof easily.

DISCLOSURE OF THE INVENTION

Claim 1 of the present invention has a feature in which a program recording apparatus which obtains an electric program table and receives and records a desired program by using the obtained electric program table comprises setting means for setting a record of the desired program based on at least a broadcast time zone and a broadcast channel; searching means for searching a character string in a predetermined region of the electric program table included in the set broadcast time zone and broadcast channel; and control means for changing the set broadcast time zone when a predetermined word is included in the character string.

In this manner, it is easily possible to dissolve a fear that a situation where an ending portion of the desired program is not recorded may occur.

Also, according to claim 2 of the present invention, the predetermined word is "extension", so that it is possible to carry out a desired program recording corresponding to an extension of a broadcast period of the previous program.

According to claim 3 of the present invention, when the predetermined word is searched, a number sequence subsequent thereto is discriminated and a control for time-extending a termination point of the broadcast time zone is carried out in response to the value of the discriminated number sequence, so that it is possible to carry out a desired program recording in response to a period to be extended.

According to claim 4 of the present invention, the period for the time extension is made to be a predetermined length when the number sequence subsequent to the predetermined word cannot be discriminated, so that it is possible to carry out a desired program recording even in a case when there is no indication of an extension period for the previous program.

According to claim 5 of the present invention, the control for changing the set broadcast time zone is not to be carried out when the change of the set broadcast time zone overlaps with another of the set broadcast time zone, so that a situation where other picture-record reserved program is not to be recorded can be avoided.

According to claim 6 of the present invention, a display for designating a fact that the control was not carried out is performed in addition to a display of the desired program set for the recording when the control for changing the set broadcast time zone was not carried out, so that misunderstanding of a person to use (user) is avoided from

occurring.

According to claim 7 of the present invention, the setting means further carries out also the setting for changing the broadcast time zone in which the desired program recording is set when the predetermined word is included in the character string, so that an excellent program recording can be always carried out.

According to claim 8 of the present invention, a logo designating that the setting for changing the broadcast time zone in which the desired program recording is set is carried out by means of said setting means when the predetermined word is included in the character string is displayed in a display means, so that an excellent program recording can be always carried out.

According to claim 9 of the present invention, the control means changes the set broadcast time zone just before the desired program recording starts when a predetermined word is included in the character string, so that an excellent program recording can be always carried out.

According to claim 10 of the present invention, the control for changing the set broadcast time zone is not to be carried out in a case when a capacity insufficiency of the program recording apparatus is caused by changing the set time zone, so that an excellent program recording can be always carried out.

Claim 11 of the present invention has a feature in a

program recording method in which an electric program table is obtained and a desired program is received and recorded by using the obtained electric program table, wherein in a situation when the desired program recording is set based on at least a broadcast time zone and a broadcast channel, a character string is searched in a predetermined region of the electric program table included in the set broadcast time zone and broadcast channel, and a control for changing the set broadcast time zone is carried out when a predetermined word is included in the character string.

In this manner, it is easily possible to dissolve a fear that a situation where an ending portion of the desired program is not recorded may occur.

Also, according to claim 12 of the present invention, the predetermined word is "extension", so that it is possible to carry out a desired program recording corresponding to an extension of a broadcast period of the previous program.

According to claim 13 of the present invention, when the predetermined word is searched, a number sequence subsequent thereto is discriminated and a control for time-extending a termination point of the broadcast time zone is carried out in response to the value of the discriminated number sequence, so that it is possible to carry out a desired program recording in response to a period to be extended.

According to claim 14 of the present invention, the period

for the time extension is made to be a predetermined length when the number sequence subsequent to the predetermined word cannot be discriminated, so that it is possible to carry out a desired program recording even in a case when there is no indication of an extension period for the previous program.

According to claim 15 of the present invention, the control for changing the set broadcast time zone is not to be carried out when the change of the set broadcast time zone overlaps with another of the set broadcast time zone, so that a situation where other picture-record reserved program is not to be recorded can be avoided.

According to claim 16 of the present invention, a display for designating a fact that the control was not carried out is performed in addition to a display of the desired program set for the recording when the control for changing the set broadcast time zone was not carried out, so that misunderstanding of a person to use (user) is avoided from occurring.

According to claim 17 of the present invention, also the setting for changing the broadcast time zone in which said desired program recording is set is further carried out when the predetermined word is included in said character string, so that an excellent program recording can be always carried out.

According to claim 18 of the present invention, a logo designating that the setting for changing the broadcast time

zone in which the desired program recording is set is carried out when the predetermined word is included in the character string is displayed in a display means, so that an excellent program recording can be always carried out.

According to claim 19 of the present invention, the set broadcast time zone is changed just before the desired program recording starts when a predetermined word is included in the character string, so that an excellent program recording can be always carried out.

According to claim 20 of the present invention, the control for changing the set broadcast time zone is not to be carried out in a case when a capacity insufficiency of the program recording apparatus is caused by changing the set time zone, so that an excellent program recording can be always carried out.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is a block diagram showing a constitution of one exemplified embodiment of a program recording apparatus applied with a program recording apparatus and a program recording method according to the present invention;

FIGS. 2A and 2B are diagrams showing pictures of electric program tables to be used for the explanation thereof;

FIGS. 3A and 3B are diagrams showing pictures for carrying out a setting relating to a reservation to be used for the explanation thereof;

FIG. 4 is a flowchart diagram to be used for the

explanation of the processing operation;

FIGS. 5A and 5B are diagrams to be used for the explanation of the operation thereof; and

FIGS. 6A and 6B are diagrams showing pictures of a picture screen for a recording title list to be used for the explanation thereof.

BEST MODE FOR PERFORMING THE INVENTION

According to the present invention, a character string in a predetermined region of an electric program table is searched and a set broadcast time zone is to be changed when a predetermined word is included in the character string, and accordingly, it is easily possible to dissolve a fear that a situation where an ending portion of a desired program is not recorded may occur.

Hereinafter, the present invention will be explained with reference to drawings, wherein FIG. 1 is a block diagram showing a constitution of one exemplified embodiment of a program recording apparatus applied with a program recording apparatus and a program recording method according to the present invention.

In FIG. 1, a program recording apparatus 10 shown in this exemplified embodiment is installed with a receiving tuner 1 of a so-called ground wave broadcast (hereinafter, called as a ground wave tuner in short) and this ground wave tuner 1 is supplied with a receiving signal from a receiving antenna 20 of

a ground wave broadcast (hereinafter, called as a ground wave antenna in short) which is connected to an antenna terminal 11.

Also, a receiving signal from a receiving antenna 30 for a so-called satellite (CS) broadcast (hereinafter, called as a satellite antenna in short) is supplied to an externally attached receiving tuner 31 for a satellite broadcast (hereinafter, called as a CS tuner in short), and a digital data signal which is received and demodulated and further a decoded analog television signal are taken out.

Further, the analog television signal taken out from the externally attached CS tuner 31 is supplied to an analog input terminal 12 of a program recording apparatus 10 and at the same time the digital data signal is taken out from the CS tuner 31 is supplied to a data input terminal 13 of the program recording apparatus 10.

Then, the digital data signal supplied to the data input terminal 13 is supplied to a control CPU (Central Processing Unit) 2 and, for example, an electric program table (Electric Program Guide: hereinafter, called as EPG in short) data which is included in the digital data signal are obtained so as to form an electric program table.

Further, superimpose EPG data are taken out also from the analog television signal which is received and demodulated in the ground wave tuner 1 installed in the program recording apparatus 10 and are supplied to the control CPU 2. An electric

program table is formed also with respect to the EPG data of this ground wave.

Then, for example, a broadcast time zone, a broadcast channel and the like of a desired program to be recorded is set by using the formed electric program table and a hard disk apparatus 3 to be used as a memory means is driven in response to that set content and at the same time, control signals of channel selection or the like are supplied to the installed ground wave tuner 1 and the externally attached CS tuner 31.

In this manner, a video signal, an audio signal and the like of the television signal which is received, demodulated and decoded in the installed ground wave tuner 1 and the externally attached CS tuner 31 is recorded in the hard disk apparatus 3. It should be noted that well-known A/D and D/A conversions or the like are carried out for recording and reproducing in the hard disk apparatus 3, but drawings thereof are omitted.

Further, the video signal, audio signal and the like of the television signal recorded in the hard disk apparatus 3 are reproduced according to the control of the control CPU 2 and are taken out at an output terminal 14 through a mixer 4. Then, the signal taken out at the output terminal 14 is supplied to a receiver 40 so as to perform a display of the video signal, a sound emission of the audio signal and the like.

Also, a picture of the electric program table and a picture of another operation guide which are formed in the control CPU 2

are supplied to the mixer 4 so as to be superimposed with the reproduced video signal from the hard disk apparatus 3. Thus, the pictures of these of the electric program table, the operation guide and the like are displayed on the picture screen by being superimposed with the video signal received by the receiver 40.

A control of the program recording apparatus 10 is carried out by using a remote control apparatus 50 with or without looking at the picture of these of the electric program table, the operation guide and the like. It should be noted that the control is carried out after the signal from the remote control apparatus 50 is received by a remote control receiver 15 and its received signal is supplied to the control CPU 2.

Then, in such a program recording apparatus 10, a picture of an electric program table such as shown, for example, in FIG. 2A is displayed in the receiver 40 when EPG data are obtained and an electric program table is formed. More specifically, in FIG. 2A, date and time are displayed at an upper portion on the right side of the picture screen and at the same time, programs of an arbitrary broadcast station (channel) after that time point are displayed.

Also, on the left side of the picture screen, arbitrary commercial messages and a picture of a received signal of the presently selected channel are displayed. Further, at a lower portion of the picture screen, a commentary of the program

selected by a cursor and an operational guidance, for example, of the remote control apparatus 50 are displayed. Here, the commentary of the program is a portion of the EPG data.

More specifically, selection of a broadcast station (channel) shown by right and left arrows and a program shown by upper and lower arrows on this picture screen is carried out by operating four-directional cursor key (not shown) provided, for example, in the remote control apparatus 50. Then, a selection of a desired program is determined by an operation of a determination key.

Further, when the selection of a desired program is determined, the picture screen changes as shown in FIG. 2B. In this FIG. 2B, control items of "reserving picture recording", "cancel", "channel selection" and "closing" are displayed in a so-called balloon from the column of the selected desired program. Then, the control item is determined by the operation of the upper and lower cursor keys and the determination key.

When "reserving picture recording" is determined here, a picture for carrying out a setting relating to a reservation is displayed in the receiver 40 such as, for example, shown in FIG. 3A. In FIG. 3A more specifically, the selected program title, date and hour of its broadcast (broadcast time zone) and broadcast channel are displayed and further, setting items of a person to use (user) are displayed.

For the setting items of this person to use (user),

selection of recording (picture quality) modes of "HQ", "SP", "EP" or the like; retention period; and setting of an option are carried out. Then, for the option, for example, a process is set in case of a broadcast time zone which has a possibility to be changed owing to an influence such as "baseball extension" of a previous program.

Further, in a case when a process for the aforementioned "baseball extension" is set, a logo of "baseball extension" is displayed in an option column of setting items by a person to use (user) such as, for example, shown in FIG. 3B. Then, in a case when this process is set, a process such as, for example, shown in a flowchart of FIG. 4 is executed just before a recording starts for the aforementioned broadcast time zone.

More specifically, when a process starts in FIG. 4, a search is carried out in the system first. Then, a process of a search and a reservation set is executed in step [1] and a program for which a "baseball extension" process is set is searched in step [2]. There, a start time: A, a finish time: B and a broadcast station: Z of a program are set.

In next step [3], it is judged whether or not it is a reservation to which a "baseball extension" process is possible with respect to the start time: A of the program. More specifically, the program to which the "baseball extension" process is possible is a program having start time: A of 7:00PM to 28:59. Here, 28:59 designates one minute before 5:00AM at

which general program tables are changed.

Also, it is judged in step [4] whether or not there is a program corresponding to "sport: baseball" in the programs, for example, at 7:00PM to 9:00PM in the corresponding broadcast station: Z within an electric program table. Here, it is judged whether or not there is a corresponding program according to the genre of the program or the code of the sub-genre included in the EPG data.

In step [5] further, it is judged whether or not a word "extension" is included in the character strings constituting the electric program table. Then, when "Yes" is true in all steps [3] to [5], it is judged in step [6] whether or not a character constituting "hour and/or minute" is included in the character strings constituting the electric program table.

Here, there is a case where so-called external characters are used for characters constituting "hour" and in this case, the judge is carried out by discriminating the corresponding external characters. Also, it is possible to discriminate characters constituting "hour and/or minute" and time indicated by the characters according to the external characters and succeeding number sequence thereof.

Then, when the character constituting "hour and/or minute" is judged to exist (Yes) in step [6], an automatic calculation of the finish time is performed in step [7]. More specifically, a maximum extension width Y is calculated as

Y=D-C

by using the finish time: C of the program which includes a word "extension" in the character strings constituting the electric program table and the aforementioned judged time: D.

Further, the finish time B' of the program for which the "baseball extension" process after responding to the extension is set is calculated as follows:

$$B' = B + Y$$

However, when $B' \geq 29:00$ it is calculated as follows:

$$B' = 29:00$$

Also, when the character constituting "hour and/or minute" is not judged to exist (No) in step [6], the finish time B' of the set program is calculated in step [8] as follows:

$$B' = B + 30 \text{ minutes}$$

In step [9] further, a schedule registration of the calculated time is carried out. However, the schedule registration here is still in a tentative situation. Also, the schedule registration is performed by using a subroutine [10] for making a schedule, which is separately provided, but the detailed explanation thereof will be omitted, because it is not in the scope of the present application.

Then, it is judged in step [11] whether or not recording is possible according to the tentatively registered schedule. More specifically, in a case when the tentatively registered schedule

overlaps other reservation or in a case when a capacity insufficiency occurs for a recording of the tentatively registered schedule, a recording according to the tentatively registered schedule would not be carried out.

Consequently, in the judgment of step [11], when a recording is possible (Yes) according to the schedule registered tentatively in aforementioned step [9], the change is made to be effective in step [12]. Then, the Changed schedule is registered actually in step [13] and the process is ended.

Also, in the judgment of step [11], when the recording is impossible (No) according to the schedule registered tentatively, the change is canceled in step [14] and the process is ended. It should be noted that the change is canceled in step [14] and the process is ended also when either one of steps [3] to [5] is (No).

In this manner, according to the aforementioned apparatus, it is easily possible to dissolve a fear that a situation where an ending portion of a desired program is not recorded may occur in a case when a broadcast period of a program previous to the desired program is extended.

More specifically, in a case when there exists a program "baseball" before a desired program "drama A" as shown on an upper side of FIG. 5A where the maximum extension thereof is until 9:30, 30 minutes which is a difference from the former finish time 9:00 is calculated as a maximum extension width Y

and the finish time of the desired program "drama A" is changed from the former finish time 10:00 to 10:30 as shown on the lower side of FIG. 5A.

However, when the changed finish time 10:30 of the desired program "drama A" overlaps a broadcast time zone of other picture-record reserved program "variety" as shown on the lower side of FIG. 5B, that change is canceled and a formerly set content remains unchanged. More specifically, the extension of the previous program does not always occur, so that a decided reservation setting is made to have priority.

Further, in case of carrying out a reproduction of a recorded program, a picture having a picture screen of a recorded title list is displayed as shown, for example, in FIG. 6A by an operation of a reproduction key (not shown) provided, for example, in the remote control apparatus 50. Then, a desired program is selected according to an operation of the upper and lower cursor keys.

Also, a set content on the picture-record reservation of a program selected by the cursor is displayed on the lower portion of the picture screen. Here, the aforementioned logo "baseball extension" is also displayed. Thus, a possibility that a recording set might have been changed is suggested. Also, in a case when the change was canceled, a fact that the change was not carried out is clearly shown by displaying, for example, a mark "X" overlapped with the logo.

Here, when the broadcast time zone overlaps, the change is canceled and the formerly set content remains unchanged in the aforementioned exemplified embodiment, but it can be considered, for example, that the picture recording period is made to be extended in a range not overlapping a broadcast time zone of a next set program. More specifically, such a process can be performed by extending the picture recording period until the start time of the next set program.

Then, when a selection of a desired program is determined by the operation of the determination key, the picture screen is changed as shown in FIG. 6B. In this FIG. 6B, control items relating to "reproduction" and other reproduction are displayed in a so-called balloon from the selected desired program column. Then, a control item is determined by operations of the upper and lower cursor keys and determination key.

Consequently, according to this exemplified embodiment, it is easily possible to dissolve a fear that a situation where an ending portion of a desired program is not recorded may occur by searching character strings in a predetermined region of the electric program table and by changing the set broadcast time zone when a predetermined word is included in the character strings.

In this manner, while in a conventional apparatus, there is a fear that a situation where an ending portion of the desired program is not recorded may occur in a case when a broadcast

period of a program which is previous to a desired program is extended and further while it was not possible to realize its dissolving means easily, it becomes possible according to the present invention to dissolve these problems easily.

In this manner, according to the aforementioned program recording apparatus, it is possible to dissolve a fear that a situation where an ending portion of the desired program is not recorded may occur by comprising setting means for setting a record of the desired program based on at least a broadcast time zone and a broadcast channel; searching means for searching a character string in a predetermined region of the electric program table included in the set broadcast time zone and broadcast channel; and control means for changing the set broadcast time zone when a predetermined word is included in the character string.

Also, according to the aforementioned program recording method, it is possible to dissolve a fear that a situation where an ending portion of the desired program is not recorded may occur in a situation when the desired program recording is set based on at least a broadcast time zone and a broadcast channel by searching a character string in a predetermined region of the electric program table included in the set broadcast time zone and broadcast channel, and carrying out a control for changing the set broadcast time zone when a predetermined word is included in the character string.

It should be noted that the present invention is not restricted by the exemplified embodiments explained above and it is possible to take various modifications without departing from the spirit of the present invention.